CPT code(s) - Z87.891, F17.210, F17.211, F17.213, F17.218, F17.219

Z80.3, Z80.41, Z85.3, Z85.43


Routine screening for iron deficiency anemia in asymptomatic pregnant women

With an increased risk for deleterious genetic counseling and referred for genetic counseling and

One time screening for abdominal aortic aneurysm by ultrasonography in men aged 65-75 who have ever smoked

Routine screening for iron deficiency anemia in asymptomatic pregnant women

Reprint for men age 45 to 75 years when the potential benefit of a reduction in myocardial infarctions outweighs the

for asymptomatic bacterium with urine culture for pregnant women at 12 to 16 weeks gestation or at the first prenatal visit, if later.

Reprinting for high blood pressure in adults aged 18 and older

Women whose family history is associated with an increased risk for deleterious mutations in BRCA1 or BRCA2 genes can be referred for genetic counseling and evaluation for BRCA testing.

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Reprinting for high blood pressure in adults aged 18 and older

Women whose family history is associated with an increased risk for deleterious mutations in BRCA1 or BRCA2 genes can be referred for BRCA testing.
Screening for lipid disorders

Interventions during pregnancy and after birth to promote and support breastfeeding

Breast-feeding supplies

Screening for cervical cancer in women who have been sexually active and have a cervix

Screening for chlamydial infection for all women who have been sexually active and have a cervix

Screening for cervical cancer in women aged 24 and younger and for older non-pregnant sexually active non-pregnant women aged 24 years or older

Breast-feeding supplies

Interventions during pregnancy and after birth to promote and support breastfeeding

Breast-feeding supplies

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Breast-feeding supplies
Screening for colorectal cancer using fecal occult blood testing, sigmoidoscopy, or colonoscopy, in adults, beginning at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. The risks and benefits of these screening methods vary.

One IUD every two years (excluding removal) EXCEPT J7297 which is every three years & J7298 which is every five years (effective 1/1/16), One Implant every 3 years (including removal), generic oral contraceptives, NuvaRing, Ortho Evra, diaphragms, cervical caps, emergency contraceptives (Ella, and generics only), injections, hormonal implants (including removal), and tubal ligation.

PEHP will cover generic birth control pills, the NuvaRing and Ortho Evra, Diaphragms and Emergency Contraceptives at 100%

PCP's prescribe oral fluoride supplementation at currently recommended doses to preschool children older than 6 months of age whose primary water source is deficient in fluoride.

Fluoride Varnish Application for all infants and children as soon as teeth are present.

Screening of adolescents (12-18 years of age) for major depressive disorder when systems are in place to ensure accurate diagnosis, psychotherapy (cognitive-behavioral or interpersonal), and follow-up. Screening adults for depression when staff-assisted depression care supports are in place to ensure accurate diagnosis, effective treatment, and follow-up.
Screening for type 2 diabetes in asymptomatic adults with sustained blood pressure (either treated or untreated) above 130/80 mm Hg. Gestational diabetes screening for women 24-28 weeks pregnant and those at high risk of developing gestational diabetes.

**Screening for hearing loss in all newborns**

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<td>V72.31</td>
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Screening for hearing loss in all newborns care clinicians or by referral to other counseling can be delivered by primary adult patients with hyperlipidemia and pregnancy take a daily supplement developing gestational diabetes.

Screen all sexually active women, including ophthalmia neonatorum. Prophylactic ocular topical medications for asymptomatic adults with sustained blood pressure above 130/80 mm Hg. Gestational diabetes screening for women 24 to 28 weeks pregnant and those at high risk of developing gestational diabetes.

**Intensive behavioral counseling for adult patients with hyperlipidemia and other known risk factors for cardiovascular and diet-related chronic disease.**

Intensive counseling can be delivered by primary care clinicians or by referral to other specialists, such as nutritionists or dietitians.

**Screening for hearing loss in all newborns**

**Hearing Test**

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Effective 1/1/2015, Codes deleted from ACA coverage for children age 4-6.

All women planning or capable of pregnancy take a daily supplement containing 0.4 to 0.8 mg of folic acid.
Routine iron supplementation for asymptomatic children aged 6 to 12 months who are at an increased risk for iron deficiency anemia.
for adults at increased risk for STIs

Clinicians screen children aged 6 years and older for obesity and offer them or refer them to comprehensive, intensive behavioral interventions to promote improvement in weight status.

Women aged 65 and older for obesity and offer them or refer them to comprehensive, intensive behavioral interventions to promote improvement in weight status.

Routine vision screening for all pregnant women during their first trimester.

Rh (D) blood typing and antibody testing for all pregnant women during their first visit for pregnancy-related care.

Screening for phenylketonuria (PKU) in newborns.

Screening begin at age 60 for women at increased risk for osteoporosis. Routine screening begins at age 60 for women at increased risk for osteoporosis fractures.

Laboratory Tests: Basic/Comprehensive metabolic panel

Laboratory Tests: Blood count; complete (CBC)

Laboratory Tests: Complete CBC

Laboratory Tests: Urinalysis

Laboratory Tests: Blood count; complete (CBC)

Laboratory Tests: Basic/Comprehensive metabolic panel
Screen persons at increased risk for syphilis infection

Screening to detect amblyopia, strabismus, and defects in visual acuity

Wellness exams (baby, child, adult)

Screening to detect lung cancer in adults aged 55-80, with a history of smoking.

Clinicians ask all adults about tobacco use and provide tobacco cessation interventions for those who use tobacco products.